

# Climate Change Adaptation

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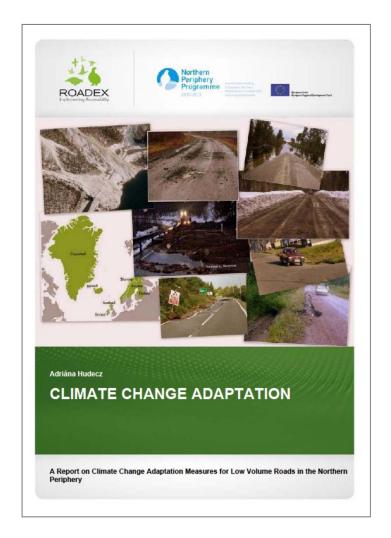


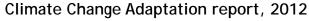


## Climate Change Adaptation

#### Outline:

- 1. Background/global climate change
- 2. Climate change across the ROADEX areas
- 3. Predicted impacts
- 4. Questionnaire & analysis
- 5. Adapation & good practice measures
- 6. Summary

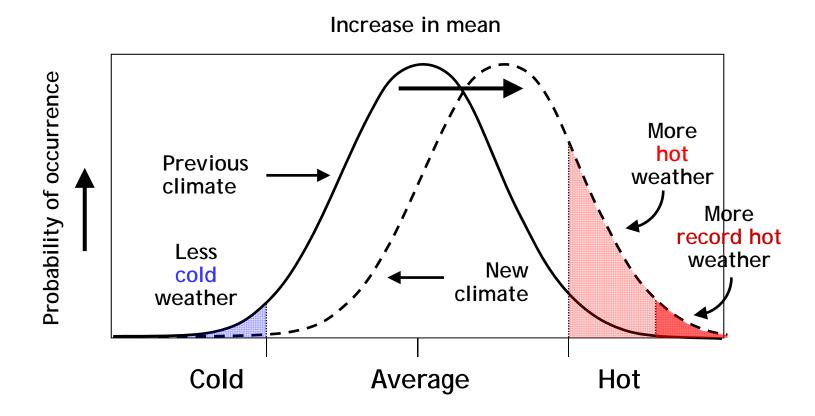






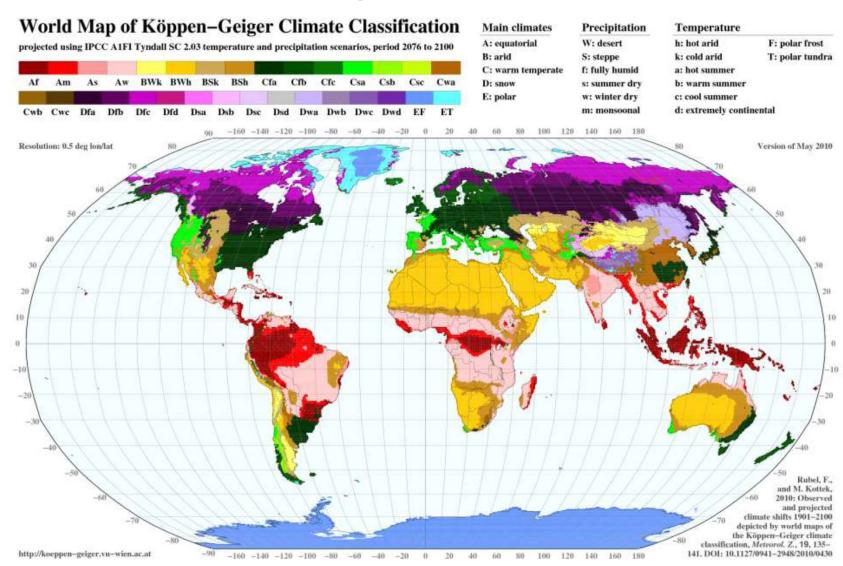
# Global climate change

What could happen? The effect of a shift in climate:





# Global climate change





# Global climate change

Dfc -snow, fully humid, cool summer

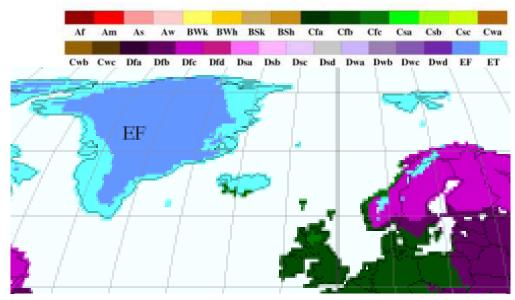
Dfb - snow, fully humid, warm summer

EF - polar frost

ET - polar tundra

Cfb - warm, fully humid, warm summer

Cfc - warm, fully humid, cool summer



Climate classification for the period 1976 - 2000

Dfc -snow, fully humid, cool summer

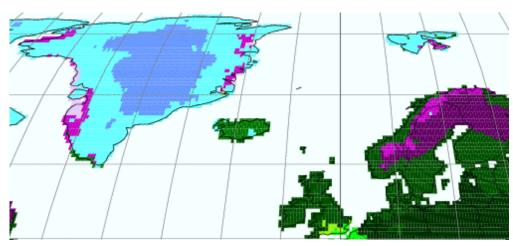
Dfb - snow, fully humid, warm summer

Dsb - snow, steppe, warm summer

EF - polar frost

ET - polar tundra

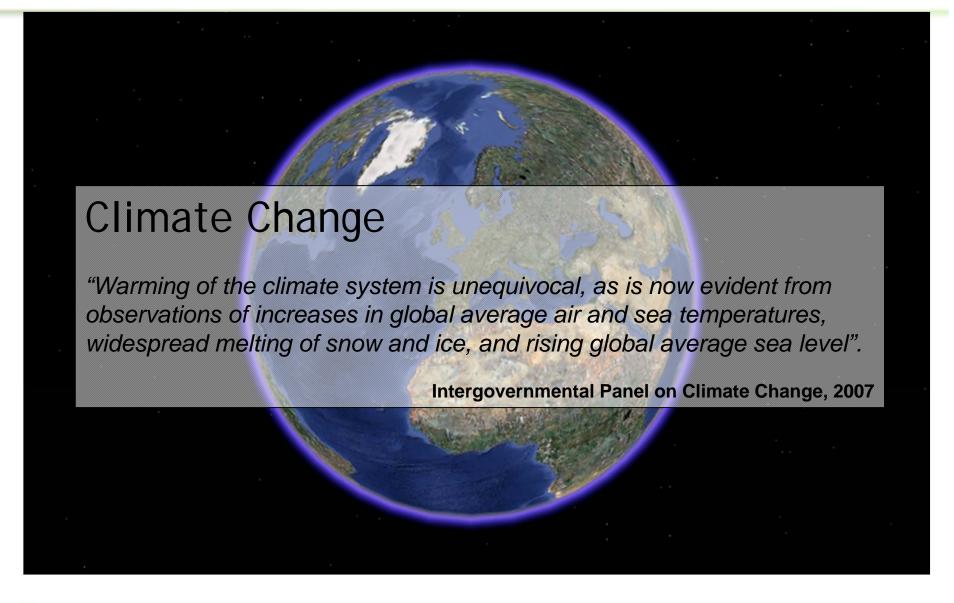
Cfc - warm, fully humid, cool summer



Climate classification for the period 2076 - 2100



ROADEX



Scientific consensus - "the climate is changing"

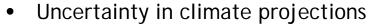
.... but the general population has yet to be convinced ....





# Natural weather variability or climate change?





- Natural variability of weather patterns
- Is this climate change or natural variability?



# Natural weather variability or climate change?





Landslide at Enafors, Jämtland, 2006

# Natural weather variability or climate change?

Landslides in Scotland





# Climate Change The ROADEX position

- The scientific consensus believes that the world's climate is changing.
- Road networks, especially rural road networks, can be affected by weather conditions.
- The ROADEX Partner organisations consider it sensible to review what can be done now to modify current road construction and maintenance practices to meet the predicted changes



# Climate Change - possible impacts on roads:

- Disruption of the network by extreme weather events (rain, snow, high temperatures)
- Damage to roads through deterioration, deformation and subsidence
- Flooding from rivers, seas and inadequate land drainage
- Severance of routes by landslides and avalanches
- Damage to roadside infrastructure by high winds
- New road safety issues



## Climate Change - possible impacts on roads:

#### Temperature

- Carriageway effects
- Frost damage (including freeze-thaw cycles and frost heave)
- Permafrost effects
- Winter maintenance
- Increase in sea level

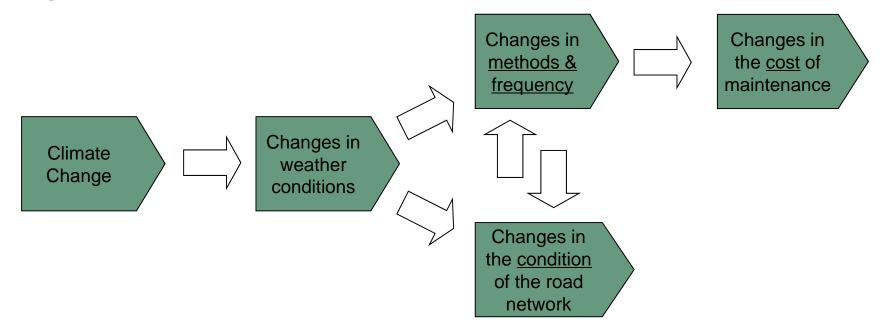
#### Precipitation

- Floods
- Erosion of roads and bridges
- Drainage problems
- Landslides



High Bridge, Struie, Scotland

# Climate Change Impacts on road maintenance



"Impact of climate change on road maintenance", Finnish Road & Traffic, 2009



Freeze-thaw damage



**Flooding** 



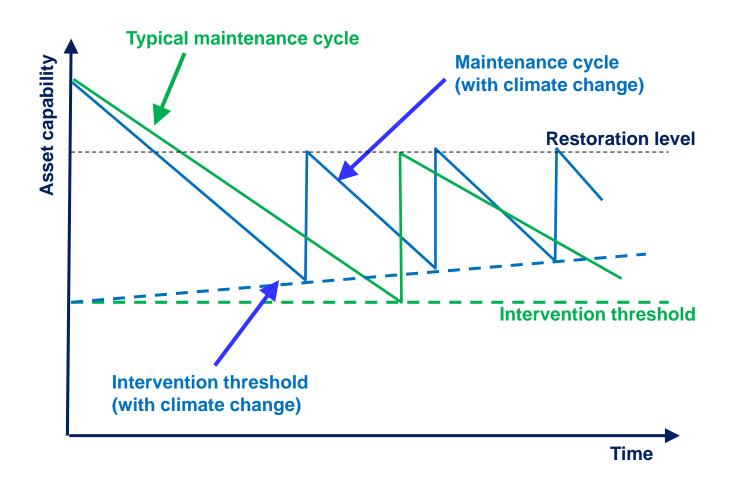
Winter conditions



Rutting

## Climate Change Adaptation

Influence of climate change on maintenance cycles

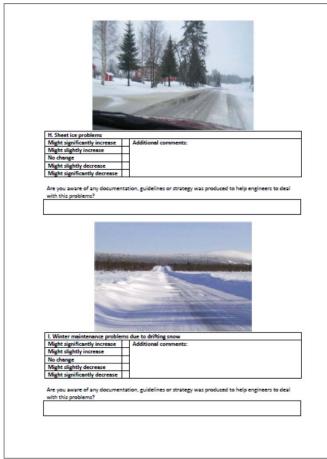




# ROADEX climate change adaptation: questionnaire

#### **Contents:**

- Introduction
- What are the most important changes and problems?
  - Drainage
  - Freeze-thaw
  - Rutting
  - Erosion
  - Stability
  - Winter
- Organisational strategy?
- Organisation working group or person?
- National strategy/guidance?



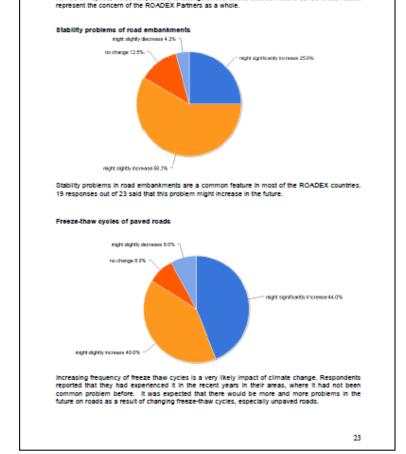
Questionnaire in WORD



# Climate Change Adaptation: questionnaire

#### **Questionnaire & Analysis:**

- Analysed by topic
  - Stability problems of road embankments
  - Freeze-thaw cycles of paved roads
  - Freeze-thaw cycles of unpaved roads
  - Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of paved roads
  - Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of unpaved roads
  - Differential frost heave
  - Settlement due to permafrost
  - Sheet ice problems
  - Winter maintenance problems due to drifting snow
  - Winter maintenance problems due to icing
  - Winter maintenance problems due to salt
  - Avalanches
  - Erosion of paved roads due to heavy rains
  - Erosion of unpaved roads due to heavy rains
  - Flooding
  - Landslides
  - Rise of sea level



3.1. ANALYSIS OF ROADEX CLIMATE CHANGE QUESTIONNAIRE

The results of the collected repiles are summarized in pile charts. Unfortunately due to the low number of repiles, it was not possible to distinguish the results between countries. So these results



Page from the ROADEX report

# Climate Change Adaptation: questionnaire

#### **Questionnaire & Analysis:**

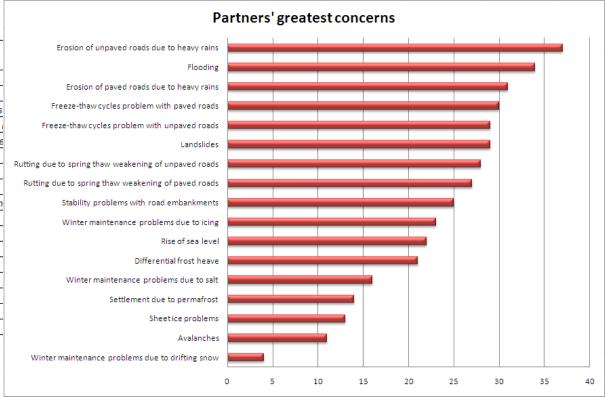
By Partner concern: prioritised

Might significantly decrease: -2 Might slightly decrease: -1

No change: 0

Might slightly increase: 1

# Impacts Stability problems with road embankments Freeze-thaw cycles problem with paved roads Freeze-thaw cycles problem with unpaved roads Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of paved a Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of unpave Differential frost heave Settlement due to permafrost Sheet ice problems Winter maintenance problems due to drifting sn Winter maintenance problems due to icing Winter maintenance problems due to salt Avalanches Erosion of paved roads due to heavy rains Indian significantly decrease: 2 Erosion of unpaved roads due to heavy rains Flooding Loadsides Loadsides Winter significantly increase: 1 Rise of sea leve!





# Typical impacts:















(photo BEAR Scotland Ltd)

# Adaptation & Good Practice Measures





Climate Change Adaptation report, 2012

# Climate Change Adaptation

Examples of adapations in the Partner areas:

Norwegian Public Roads Administration "Climate and transport" project

The need for increased drainage capacity:



Climate factor dependant on the storm return period

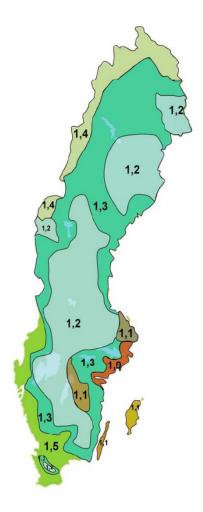




# Climate Change Adaptation: example Drainage design - Sweden

Regional drainage factors for climate change:









(Scotland climate change factor for drainage = +20%, or 1.2)

# Climate Change Adaptation: ERA-NET ROAD SWAMP

#### Blue Spot screening:

"A part of a road that is vulnerable to flooding, either by precipitation, catchment water or sea level rise"





# Climate Change Adaptation: ERA-NET ROAD SWAMP

"Blue Spot" - Modelling restrictions in stream flow and river flows:



Free flow system - unrestricted



Blocked waterway - flooding



# Summary

#### Key points:

- Climate change is stated to be happening
- More frequent extreme weather events are likely
- More frequent freeze-thaw cycles
- Uncertainty in projections
- Road owners need to consider their positions
- Maintenance operations, a step at a time
- Solutions may be available in other countries
- Need to share information
- Good road drainage will be a key
- New construction will be different
- The ROADEX report offers a number of recommendations for best practice and adaptation measures



# The future?

"The climate change resilient road"





# But for the present"







# Thank you

www.roadex.org



# The ROADEX Network in the Highlands

