



# Climate Change Adaptation

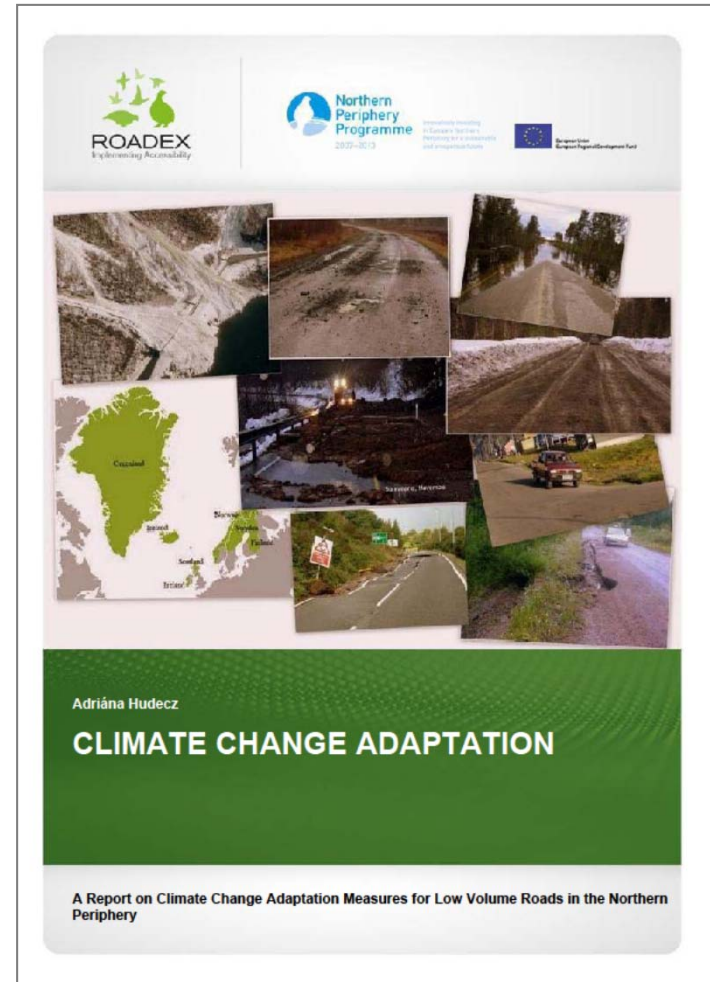
Adriána Hudecz, Technical University of Denmark

ROADEx Final Seminar  
Rovaniemi, 25 April 2012

# Climate Change Adaptation

## Outline:

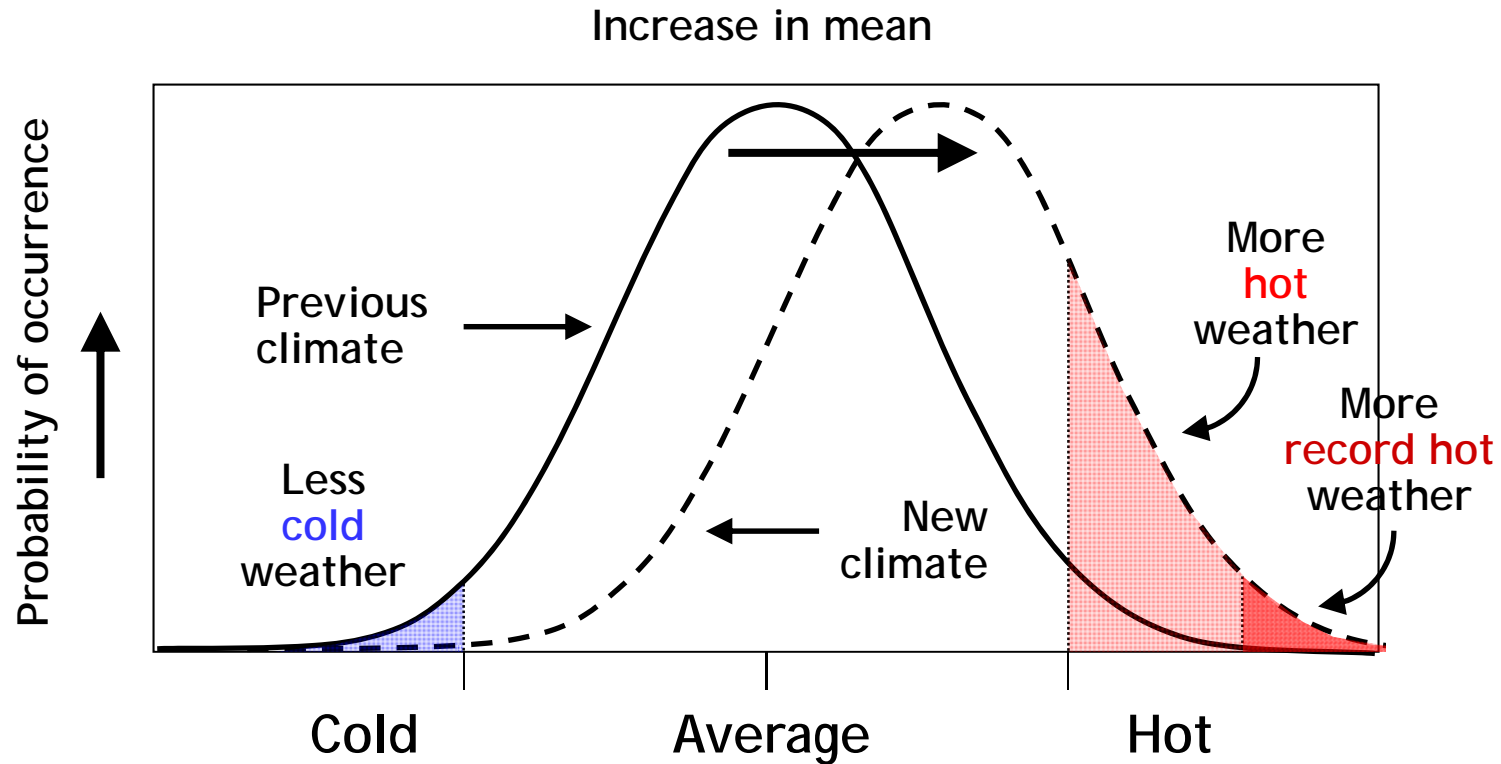
1. Background/global climate change
2. Climate change across the ROADEx areas
3. Predicted impacts
4. Questionnaire & analysis
5. Adapation & good practice measures



Climate Change Adaptation report, 2012

# Global climate change

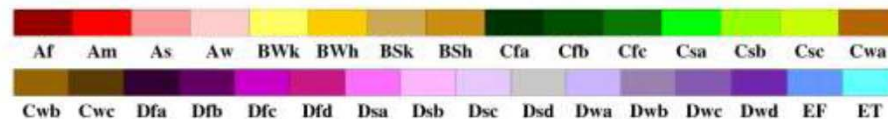
Effect of shift in climate:



# Global climate change

## World Map of Köppen–Geiger Climate Classification

projected using IPCC A1FI Tyndall SC 2.03 temperature and precipitation scenarios, period 2076 to 2100



### Main climates

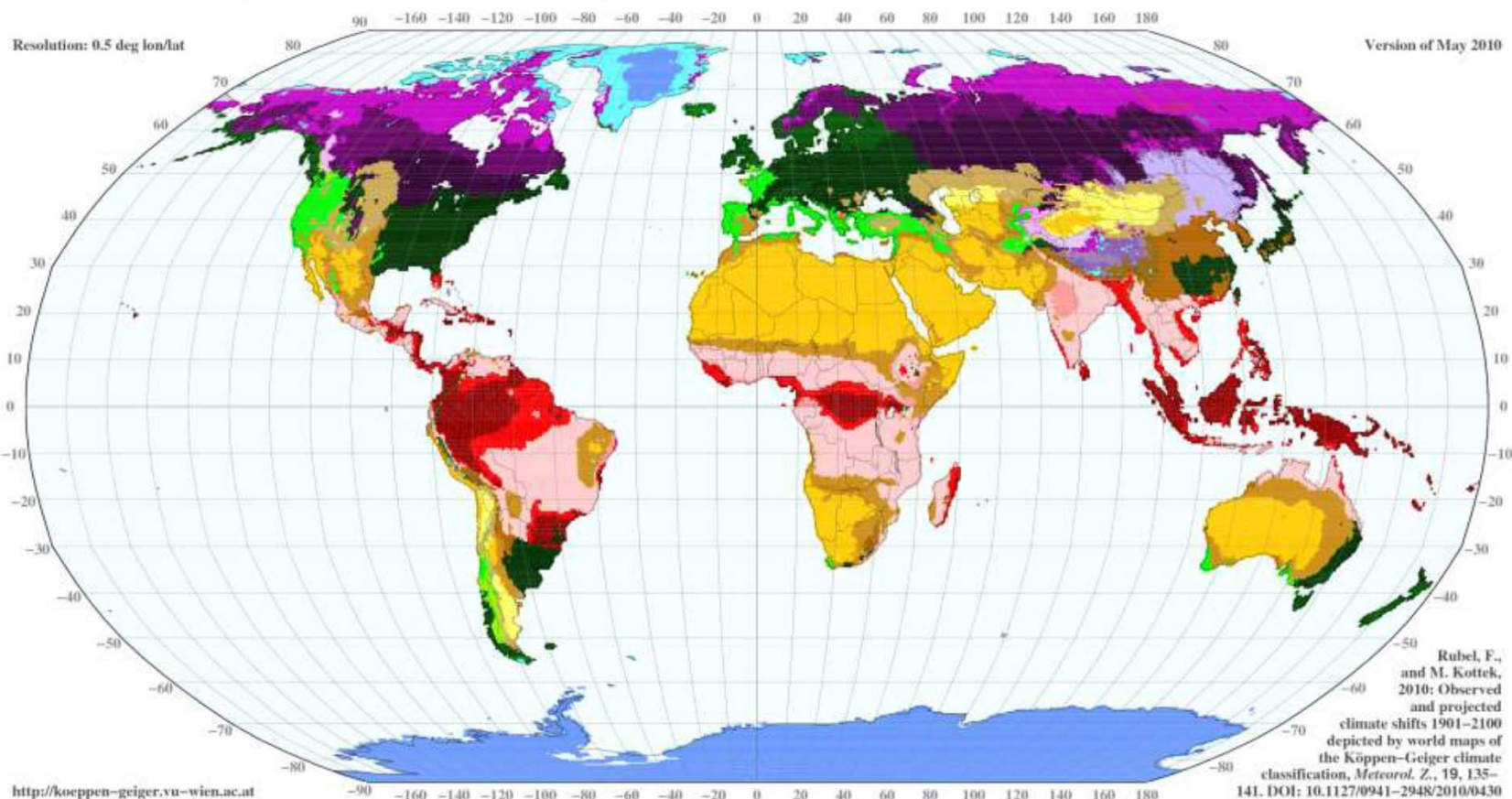
A: equatorial  
B: arid  
C: warm temperate  
D: snow  
E: polar

### Precipitation

W: desert  
S: steppe  
f: fully humid  
s: summer dry  
w: winter dry  
m: monsoonal

### Temperature

h: hot arid  
k: cold arid  
a: hot summer  
b: warm summer  
c: cool summer  
d: extremely continental  
F: polar frost  
T: polar tundra

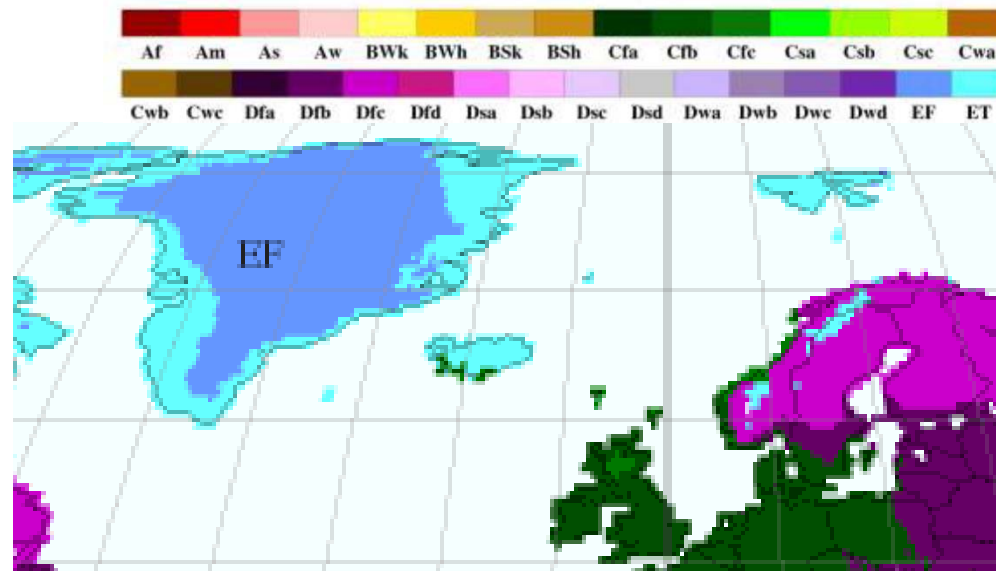


<http://koeppen-geiger.vu-wien.ac.at>

Rubel, F., and M. Kottek, 2010: Observed and projected climate shifts 1901–2100 depicted by world maps of the Köppen–Geiger climate classification, *Meteorol. Z.*, 19, 135–141. DOI: 10.1127/0941-2948/2010/0430

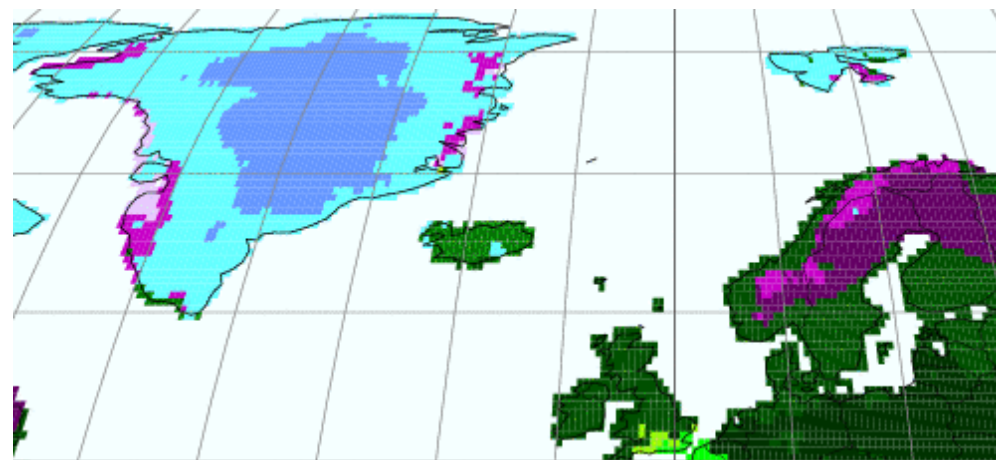
# Global climate change

Dfc - snow, fully humid, cool summer  
 Dfb - snow, fully humid, warm summer  
 EF - polar frost  
 ET - polar tundra  
 Cfb - warm, fully humid, warm summer  
 Cfc - warm, fully humid, cool summer



Climate classification for the period 1976 - 2000

Dfc - snow, fully humid, cool summer  
 Dfb - snow, fully humid, warm summer  
 Dsb - snow, steppe, warm summer  
 EF - polar frost  
 ET - polar tundra  
 Cfc - warm, fully humid, cool summer



Climate classification for the period 2076 - 2100



# Climate Change

*“Warming of the climate system is unequivocal, as is now evident from observations of increases in global average air and sea temperatures, widespread melting of snow and ice, and rising global average sea level”.*

**Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, 2007**

.... but the general population has yet to be convinced ....



# Natural variability or climate change?





# Natural variability or climate change?





# Natural variability or climate change?

## Landslides in Scotland



A83 Cairndow



A9 Dunkeld



A85 Glen Ogle

# Climate Change - possible impacts on roads:

- Disruption of the network by extreme weather events (rain, snow, high temperatures)
- Damage to roads through deterioration, deformation and subsidence
- Flooding from rivers, seas and inadequate land drainage
- Severance of routes by landslides and avalanches
- Damage to roadside infrastructure by high winds
- New road safety issues

*“The Changing Climate: Impact on the Department of Transport”, 2004*

# Climate Change - possible impacts on roads:

- Temperature
  - Carriageway effects
  - Frost damage (including freeze-thaw cycles and frost heave)
  - Permafrost effects
  - Winter maintenance
  - Increase in sea level
- Precipitation
  - Floods
  - Erosion of roads and bridges
  - Drainage problems
  - Landslides

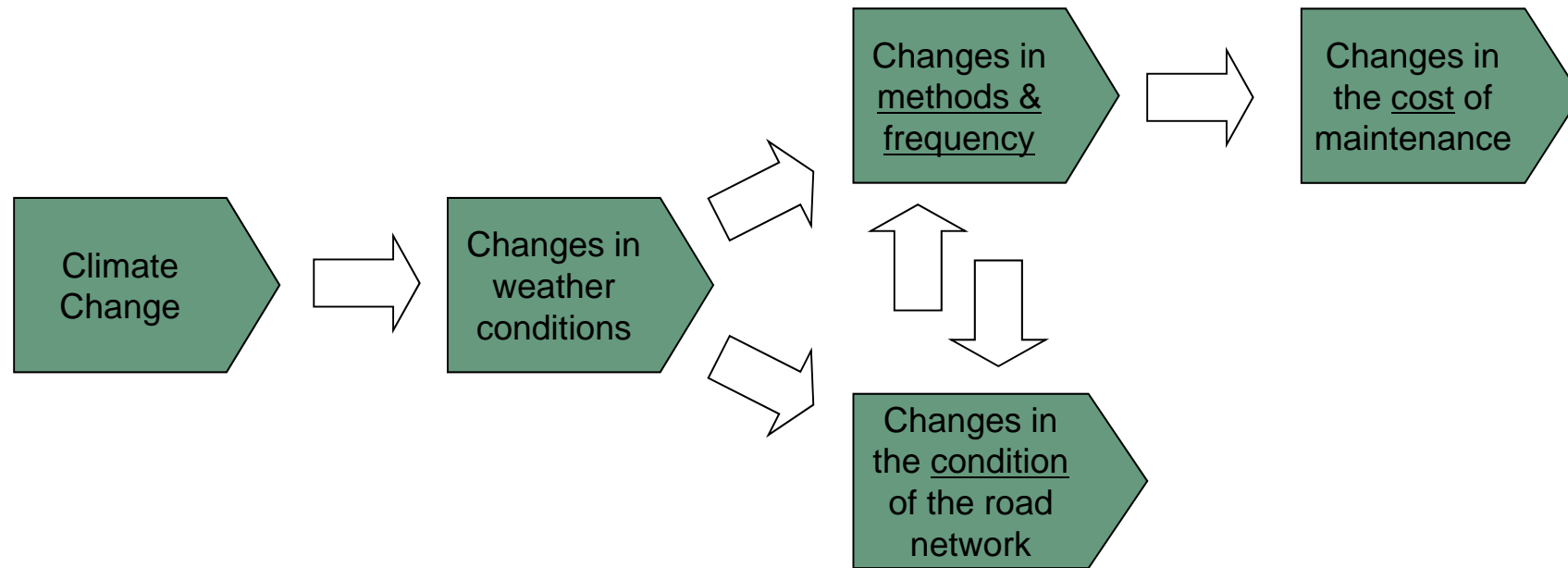


High Bridge, Struie, Scotland



# Climate Change

## Impacts on road maintenance



*“Impact of climate change on road maintenance”, Finnish Road & Traffic, 2009*



**Freeze-thaw damage**



**Flooding**



**Winter conditions**




**Rutting**

# ROADEX climate change adaptation: questionnaire


## Contents:

- Introduction
- What are the most important changes and problems?
  - Drainage
  - Freeze-thaw
  - Rutting
  - Erosion
  - Stability
  - Winter
- Organisational strategy?
- Organisation working group or person?
- National strategy/guidance?



H. Sheet ice problems	
Might significantly increase	Additional comments:
Might slightly increase	
No change	
Might slightly decrease	
Might significantly decrease	

Are you aware of any documentation, guidelines or strategy was produced to help engineers to deal with this problems?



I. Winter maintenance problems due to drifting snow	
Might significantly increase	Additional comments:
Might slightly increase	
No change	
Might slightly decrease	
Might significantly decrease	

Are you aware of any documentation, guidelines or strategy was produced to help engineers to deal with this problems?

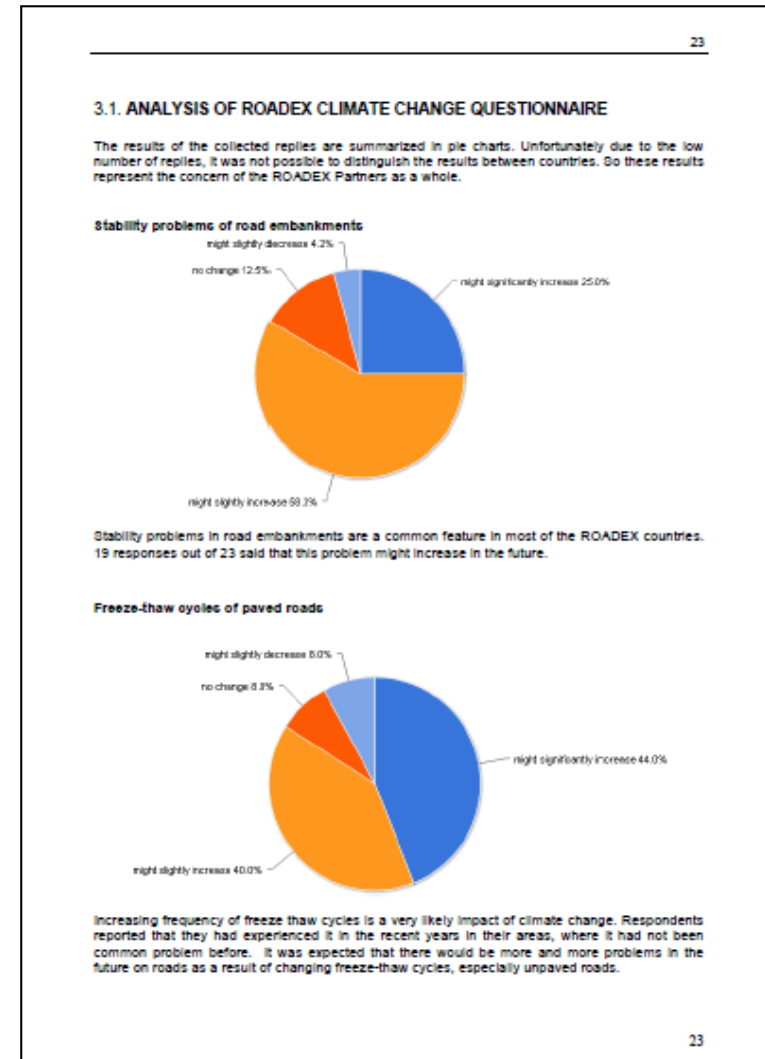
Questionnaire in WORD

# Climate Change Adaptation: questionnaire

## Questionnaire & Analysis:

### ■ Analysed by topic

- Stability problems of road embankments
- Freeze-thaw cycles of paved roads
- Freeze-thaw cycles of unpaved roads
- Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of paved roads
- Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of unpaved roads
- Differential frost heave
- Settlement due to permafrost
- Sheet ice problems
- Winter maintenance problems due to drifting snow
- Winter maintenance problems due to icing
- Winter maintenance problems due to salt
- Avalanches
- Erosion of paved roads due to heavy rains
- Erosion of unpaved roads due to heavy rains
- Flooding
- Landslides
- Rise of sea level



# Climate Change Adaptation: questionnaire

## Questionnaire & Analysis:

- By Partner concern:

Might significantly decrease: -2  
 Might slightly decrease: -1  
 No change: 0  
 Might slightly increase: 1  
 Might significantly increase: 2

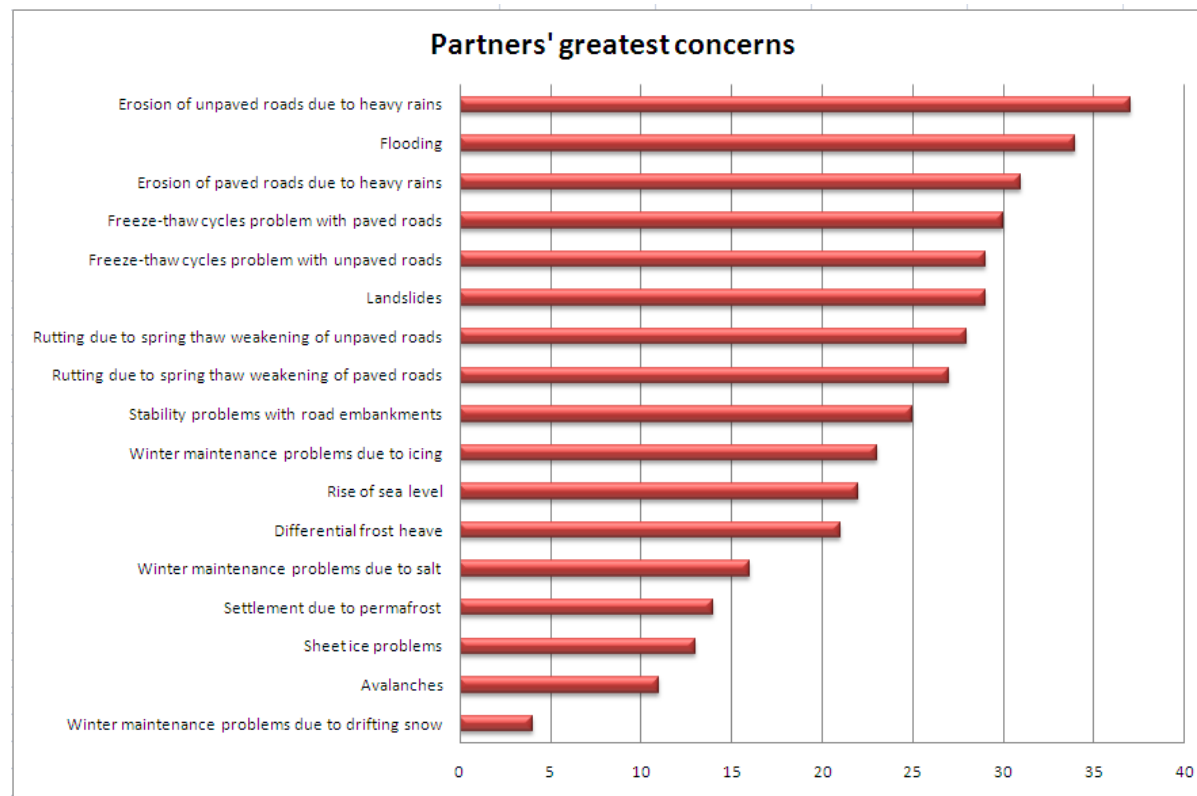
Impacts	Might significant decrease	Might sightly decrease	No change	Might sightly increase	Might significant increase	Rate
<i>Stability problems with road embankments</i>	0	1	3	14	6	25
<i>Freeze-thaw cycles problem with paved roads</i>	0	2	2	10	11	30
<i>Freeze-thaw cycles problem with unpaved roads</i>	0	2	3	7	12	29
<i>Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of paved roads</i>	0	1	2	16	6	27
<i>Rutting due to spring thaw weakening of unpaved roads</i>	0	1	4	11	9	28
<i>Differential frost heave</i>	0	2	5	13	5	21
<i>Settlement due to permafrost</i>	0	1	11	11	2	14
<i>Sheet ice problems</i>	0	5	4	14	2	13
<i>Winter maintenance problems due to drifting snow</i>	0	6	10	8	1	4
<i>Winter maintenance problems due to icing</i>	0	1	6	12	6	23
<i>Winter maintenance problems due to salt</i>	0	3	6	13	3	16
<i>Avalanches</i>	0	2	12	9	2	11
<i>Erosion of paved roads due to heavy rains</i>	0	0	0	17	7	31
<i>Erosion of unpaved roads due to heavy rains</i>	0	0	0	13	12	37
<i>Flooding</i>	0	0	3	12	11	34
<i>Landslides</i>	0	0	3	15	7	29
<i>Rise of sea level</i>	0	0	6	16	3	22



# Climate Change Adaptation: questionnaire

## Questionnaire & Analysis:

- By Partner concern:



# Adaptation & Good Practice Measures



Greenland (photo Arctic Technology Centre)



Norway (photo Norwegian Public Roads Administration)

E10 Lofoten



Finland



Raattama, Finland (photo J. Leskinen)



Møre and Romsdal, Norway (photo Norwegian Public Roads Administration)



A9 Raigmore Slip Road, Inverness (photo BEAR Scotland Ltd)

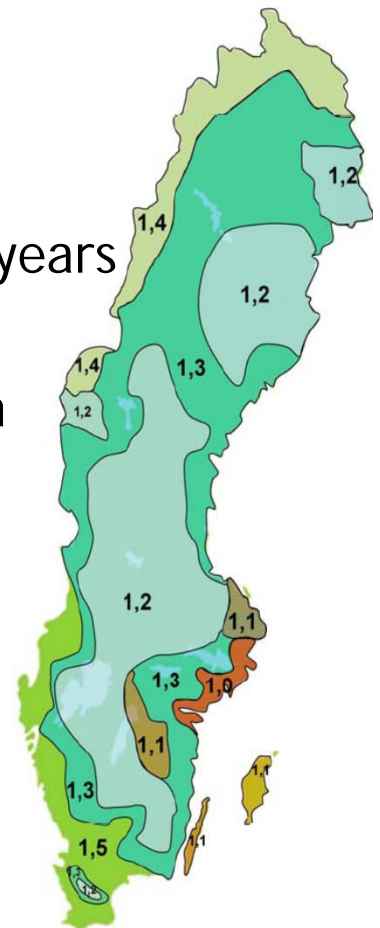
# Adaptation & Good Practice Measures

## Examples of adaptations in the Partner areas:

### *Reviewing design standards*

- *Iceland*: increase the design sea level with 50 cm
- *Scotland*: one storm event in 100 years to one in 200 years
- *Sweden*: regional drainage factor (1-1.5)
- *Norway*: introducing climate factor in drainage design

$$Q = C \times I \times A \times K_f$$





# Adaptation & Good Practice Measures

Examples of adaptations in the Partner areas:

## *Mapping*

- *ERANET-ROAD - SWAMP*  
"Blue Spot" - Modelling restrictions in stream flow and river flows



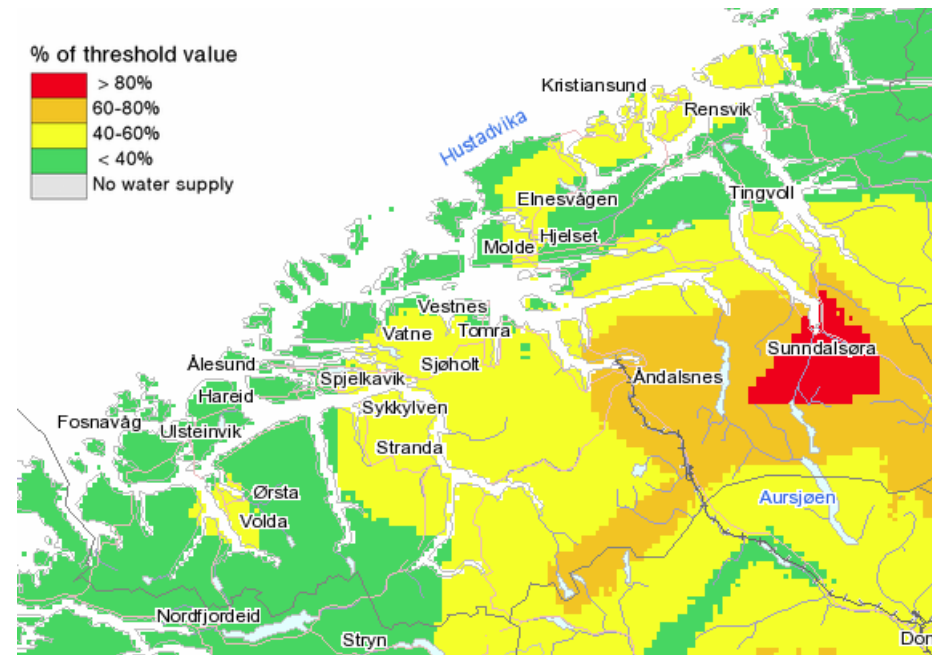


# Adaptation & Good Practice Measures

Examples of adaptations in the Partner areas:

## *Mapping*

- *Climate and Transport*  
Landslide risk analysis



# Conclusion

## Key points:

- Climate change is happening
- More frequent extreme weather events
- More frequent freeze-thaw cycles
- Actions are needed
  - Mapping likely threatened areas
  - Risk assessment
  - Frequent inspection and if needed maintenance
  - Reviewing design standards
- Keeping the road drainage in good condition
- In case of new construction - avoid threatened areas





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Thank you

[www.roadex.org](http://www.roadex.org)